

PHILOSOPHY**B. A. PART I.**

Paper I (a) General Psychology.

(b) Applied Psychology.

(c) Islamic Philosophy.

or (d) Indian Culture.

1. (a) GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY

Note :-Students offering Psychology as an independent subject are not allowed to offer General Psychology as paper in Philosophy.

1. Nature : Scope and methods of psychology.
2. Motivation : the general nature of motivation instinctive and acquired motives, Organic needs.
3. Attention : Its nature, factors influencing attention.
4. Perception : Nature of sensation and perception,, factors influencing perception, illusion, hallucination.
5. Feelings and emotions, expression of emotions, organic states in emotions. theories of emotion, James lang and Canon Bard theories.
6. Learning : its nature, conditions necessary for learning, different methods of learning, important factors in learning, Importance of motivation in learning.
7. Remembering : acquiring, retaining, recalling and recognizing, forgetting improvement of memory.
8. Nature of thinking and reasoning.

9. Levels of consciousness, the conscious. Sub-conscious and Unconscious Dreams and Freudian theory of Dreams.
10. Personality : nature of personality, factors of personality, Methods of measuring Personality, types of personality. Influences on personality.

Books recommended :

1. Cohen and Nagel : An introduction to Logic and scientific Methods (Kegan Paul Ltd.
2. Robinson : Elements of Logic
3. Stebbing : Essentials of Logic (Methuen & Co.)
4. B. N. Roy : Tarka Vidya Praveshika (A. K. Sarkar & Co. Calcutta)
5. Ram Nath Sharma : Tark Shastra (Kedar Nath Ram Nath, Meerut)
6. Ashok Kumar Verma : Logic-Inductive and deductive
7. Aniruddha Jha : Logic : inductive and deductive
8. J. N. Sinha : Inductive and Deductive logic (Sinha Publication Co., Calcutta)

Paper I (b) APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY.

With special reference to the fields of education, society, medicine, industry Law. Human relationship and crime.

Nature and scope : Various branches of applied Psychology, utility of study.

- (a) Education : - General principles of learning : factors which affect learning, motivation in learning, transfer learning, effective methods

of learning, problem children and exceptional children and how to deal with them. The Pre-requisites to learning, efficient study procedures. Examination techniques.

- (b) **Industry** : Personnel selection, industrial fatigue, causes and how to reduce it. advertisement, salesmanship, vocational guidance, industrial efficiency, Accidents.
- (c) **Medicine** : Nature and diagnosis of mental disorders.
Psychotherapy. Psychoses and Psychoneuroses.
- (d) **Crime** : Psychology in crime detection and prevention. Crime-its causes and treatment.
Juvenile delinquency : causes and treatment.
- (e) **Society** : Public opinion. Propaganda, Crowd and its characteristics. leadership.
- (f) **Human Relationship** : Factors in successful marriage : problems of parenthood
Sportsmanship.

Books Recommended :

1. Husband : Applied psychology.
2. Drever : Psychology and everyday life.
3. Ruth : Psychology and life.
4. Burt : Applied Psychology.
5. Ram Kumar Rai : Vyavaharik Manovigyan.
6. Ram Rishi Tripathi : Vyavaharik Manovigyan.

7. Shiva Prakash Singh : Asamanya Manovigyan (for chapters medical Psychology only.)
8. N. P. Singh : Samaj Manovigyan (Relevant chapters only)
9. R. K. Ojha : Industrial Psychology (for industry only)
10. Drever : Industrial Psychology (for industry only)
11. Page : Abnormal Psychology (relevant portions only)
12. Jhingran and Jhingran : Industrial Psychology (Relevant portions only)
13. J. C. Tripathi : Asamanya Manovigyan (Relevant portions only)
14. Griffith : Applied Psychology.

Paper I (c) ISLAMIC PHILOSOPHY

1. Islam : Its meaning and its Universality. Islam and Muslim, Islam and Kufra, the conception of God and Mono-theism Muslims and Kafirs.
2. Teachings of Islam : The trinity of Iman, Ibadat and Ehasan. their details and their significance.
3. Quran and its message : Believe and work Quran and Hadis, their Distinction.
4. Revelation and prophethood, the position and authority of rasuls, Nabis and Imams.
5. The doctrines of Kayamat, Hasra and Akhirat.
6. The notion of hell and heaven, the concept of Fana.

Books Recommended :

1. Hadees Saurabh : Published by Markazee Maktava Islami.

2. Islam Praveshika : Chitli Kabra, Delhi-110006
3. Quran Majeed : Published by – Maktaba Alahasnat.
4. Islam Ki Shiksha : Delhi Koocha Chelan, New Delhi-110006
5. Islami Itihas.
6. Fundamentals of Islam.
7. A Brief History of Fourteen Infallibles.
(All published from Islamic republic of Iran, Culture House, 18, Tilak Marga, New Delhi-110006).
8. Islam Ki Shiksha : Islami republic of Iran.
9. Nabiyon Ke Halat : Islami republic of Iran.

Paper I (d)

INDIAN CULTURE

1. The Characteristics of Indian Culture.
2. Stages in the evolution of Indian Culture—
(i) Sruta.
(ii) Smarta and Branminical
3. Cultures influencing Indian Culture : Buddhism, Jainism, Islam, Christianity and Sikhism.
4. Sanskaras their bearings on man.
5. Long line of spiritual Hierarchy, Sadhana and mysticism in Indian culture.
6. Theory of Karma : Its bearing on life, re-birth and liberation.
7. Social Institutions : Varnas and Ashramas, family, educational and religious institutions, Festivals and ceremonies and their importance.
8. The ideals of pravriti and Nivriti margas, the significance of Lokasamgraha the socio-religious significance of temples and monasteries.
9. Art and literature in Indian culture.

Books Recommended :

1. रामधारी सिंह दिनकर : संस्कृति के चार अध्याय

2. **Bharteeya Vidya Bhawan :**
 - (i) Vedic Age.
 - (ii) The classical Age.
3. **Dr. P.K. Acharya : Hindu Sanskriti Ke Tattva.**
4. **Vachaspati Gairola : Vedic Sahitya Aur Sanskriti.**
(संतुक्त प्रकाशन, करेला कालोनी, इलाहाबाद)
5. **Shiv Datt Gyani : Bharteeya Sanskriti (Raj Kamal Publications)**
6. **Bhatnagar and Shukla : Bharteeya Sanskriti ka Itihas.**
(Ratan Prakashan Mandir, Agra).

Paper II :— INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

1. Common characteristics of Indian Philosophy.
2. Charvaka Philosophy : Epistemology, Metaphysics and Ethics.
3. Buddhism : four noble truths, pratitya samutpada (Causation).
Eightfold path, Doctrine of self and nirvana.
4. Jainism : Anekantavada, Syadavada and concept of self.
5. Nyaya : The four pramanas and their nature, causation in nyaya,
Proofs for the existence of God.
6. Vaiseshika : Padarthas and Dravyas (Categories and substances.)
7. Sankhya : Nature of purusha and Prakriti; dualism of Purush and Prakriti,
Evolution, causation.
8. Yoga : yuga and its eightfold path and conception of God in yoga.
9. Mimamsa : Svatahpramanayavada.

10. Vedanta : Advaita and Visistadvaita, Nature of Brahman. Ishwara, Jiva and Maya. The doctrine of Causation and Moksha.

Books Recommended

1. Datt and Chatterjee : An introduction to Indian Phil. (Calcutta University Press).
2. M. Hiriyana : Essentials of Indian Philosophy. (Hindi Edn. also available),
3. C. D. Sharma : A critical study of Indian Philosophy.
4. B. G. Tewari : Bhartiya Darshana Ke Mooltatva (Rajan Prakashan Mandir, Agra).
5. H. N. Sinha : Bharatiya Darshana (Motilal Banarsidas, Patna, Delhi, Varanasi).
6. Basant Kumar Lal : Bharatiya Darshana (Motilal Banarsidas, Patna, Delhi, Varanasi).
7. J. N. Sinha : Bharatiya Darshana (Lakshminarayan Agarwal, Agra).
8. R. N. Sharma : Bharatiya Darshana (Kedar Nath Ram Nath, Meerut).
9. Mahendra Shekhavat : Vedanta Ka Vikas Aur Swaroop (Madhya Pradesh Granth Academy).
10. B. N. Singh : Bharatiya Darshana (Students Friends, Varanasi.)

PHILOSOPHY

B. A. PART II

1—ETHICS-Western and Indian :

Section A (Western Ethics)

1. Definition, subject matter and nature of Ethics.
2. Relation of Ethics with Religion, Politics and Psychology.
3. Psychological basis of Ethics, Desire and will, relation of Desires to voluntary action, conduct and Character.
4. The nature of Moral Judgement, object of Moral Judgement, Motives and Intentions. Ends and Means theory.
5. Theories of the Moral Ideals :
[i] Hedonism, [ii] Utilitarianism, [iii] Rationalism, [iv] Perfectionism, Evolutionism and Intuitionism.
6. Nature of Crime, theories of Punishment.

Section B-(INDIAN ETHICS)

1. Common Characteristics of Indian Ethics.
2. Varna and Ashrama Vyavastha.
3. The Concept of Duty in Indian Ethics.
4. The Four Purusharthas.
5. The Ethics of Bhagavadgita.
6. The Ethics of Jainism and Buddhism.
7. The Gandhian Ethics with the building of a Non-Violent social order : Socio-economic, Political, Ethical, religious.

Books Recommended

1. J. Mackenzie : A Manual of Ethics.
2. William Lillie : An Introduction to Ethics.
3. Laxmi Saxena : Neeti Vigyan Ke Mool Tattva (Uttar Pradesh Granth Academy).
4. J. N. Sinha : A Manual of Ethics (Sinha Publications, Calcutta).
5. Attreya and Tiwari : Neeti Shastra (Ratan Prakashan Mandir, Agra).
6. Dr. Diwakar Pathak Bharateeya Neeti Shastra (Bihar Hindi Granth Academy, Patna).
7. Dr. B. L. Attreya : Bharateeya Neetishastra Ka Itihas (Hindi Samiti, Uttar Pradesh, Lucknow).

PAPER II : PROBLEMS OF PHILOSOPHY

1. The Nature Origin and Subject Matter of Philosophy, Scope and uses of its Study.
2. Relation between Science, Philosophy and Religion.
3. Epistemology : Its Meaning and problems.
Theories of Knowledge, Empiricism, Rationalism and Intuitionism.
4. Evolution : Theories of Darwin, Lamarck and Lloyd Morgan, Mechanistic and Teleological interpretations.
5. Ontology or Philosophy of Reality [a] Monism [b] Dualism [c] Pluralism

6. Theories of Reality : [1] Idealism : Subjective (Berkeley) Absolute (Hegel) Realism : General Characteristics of Neo-realism & Critical Realism and their comparison, Materialism & Spiritualism.
7. Nature of God, Proofs for the existence of God .
(i) Deism (ii) Pantheism (iii) Panentheism and (iv) Theism.
8. The problem of Evil.

Books Recommended :

1. A. J. Bhan : An Introduction to Philosophy (Asia Publishing House)
2. Dr. J. N. Sinha Paschimi Darshan (Jai Parkash Nath & Co.)
3. Ashok Kumar Verma : Sankshipta Samanya Darshan (Motilal Banarsi Das Patna, Delhi and Varanasi).
4. Dr. O.B.L. Kapoor : Paschatya Darshan Darpan (Ratan Prakashan Mandir Agra).
5. Jai Deva Singh : Paschatya Darshan Ki Rooprekha (Ram Prasad & Sons, Agra).
6. Patrik : Introduction to Philosophy (Hindi Edition also available. Hindi Samiti, Uttar Pradesh.
7. Tewari, B. G. : Pashchatya Darshan Ke Mool Tatava (Ratan Prakashan Mandir Agra).
8. A. E. Taylor : Metaphysics (Hindi Translation also available, Hindi Samiti Uttar Pradesh).
9. R. N. Sharma-

PHILOSOPHY

B. A. PART III

Paper I

- (a) Logic
- (b) Social Philosophy (Net for those who have studied this Paper in B.A. Part I).
- (c) Philosophy of Science.

Paper II

World Religions

Paper I (a) LOGIC

Logic : Its definition, Scope and Utility, its normative character, Logic as science of reasoning and implication, relation of Logic to science.

Propositions : Their nature and forms, Modern & traditional classification of propositions, sentence & propositions, laws of Thought.

Immediate Inference :

Mediate Inference : Categorical, Hypothetical, Disjuncture. Dilemma.

Relations : Their Kinds, utility of symbols in Logic, Symbolizing.

- (1) Distinction between Deduction & Induction, Nature of Scientific Enquiry, Nature of Scientific explanation. Hypothesis, Mills methods of experimental Enquiry.

Books Recommended :

1. Cohen and Nagel : An introduction to Logic and scientific Methods (Kegan Paul Ltd).
2. Robinson : Elements of Logic.
3. Stebbing : Introduction to Modern Logic.
4. B. N. Roy : Tarka Vidya Praveshika (A. K. Sarkar & Co., Calcutta).
5. Ram Nath Sharma : Tark Shastra (Kedar Nath Ram Nath, Meerut).
6. Ashok Kumar Verma ; Logic-Inductive and deductive.
7. Aniruddha Jha—Logic : Inductive & deductive.
8. J.N. Sinha : Inductive and Deductive logic (Sinha Publication Co., Calcutta)
9. I.M. Cope : An Introduction to Logic.

(b) SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY

1. Definition, Nature, Scope and value of Social Philosophy.
2. Relation of Social Philosophy to Sociology, Psychology, Philosophy, Ethics, Economics and Political Science.
3. Human Nature : Its different orientations.
4. Social Organisation : Its structures and Functions, Social Institutions : Family, Educational, Industrial, Religious. Political and cultural institutions.
5. State and Association : Democracy, Socialism and Communism Totalitarianism, Limits of the State Authority. Nationalism and Internationalism.
6. Civilization : Its philosophical view, Civilization, Culture and Culture. Barbarism, Social Development. The Religion of Humanity. The concept of Universal Man.

7. Social Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi : Gandhiji's ideas about individual, Society and State.
8. Theories of Punishment.

Books recommended :

1. J. C. Mckenzie : Outlines of Social Philosophy.
2. A. K. Sinha & Bhim Raj Sharma : Samaj Darshan ki Rooprekha.
3. J. S. Shrivastava : Samajik Darshan ki Roop Rekha (Vishwavidyalaya Prakashan, Gorakhpur).
4. R. N. Kaul : Social Philosophy.
5. Ram Nath Sharma : Social Philosophy (Hindi) Kedar Nath Ram Nath Meerut.

(c) PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE

1. Nature and function of Philosophy of Science, limits of Science. The nature and role of science in human welfare.
2. Similarities and differences between Science and Philosophy in their—
 - (a) Aims and Goals
 - (b) Methods
 - (c) Subject matter
3. Laws of Nature- their formulation.
4. Philosophical Examination of Scientific Postulates --
 - (a) Space, (b) Time, (c) matter, (d) Mind, (e) energy (a) and (f) cause.

5. Theories of Truth, Nature and criteria of truth :-
Correspondence, coherence and pragmatic theory.
6. Merits and demerits of Scientific temper, Science and human values, science in the service of Philosophy, Nature of Scientific Method, Scientific explanation, Hypothesis.
7. Causation, Mills methods of causation.

Books Recommended :

1. M. R. Nandan : Philosophy of science

Published by the Bangalore Philosophy Forum Maharani's
Arts college Bangalore-560001 (a) Rs. 40/-

2. Caws Peter : The Philosophy of Science.
3. Sullivan : Limitations of Science Logic.
4. A. J. Ayer : Language, Truth and Logic.
5. A Pap : An Introduction to the Philosophy and Science.
6. Bertrand Russel : Principle and mathematics,
7. J. I. Kockle mans : Philosophy of Science.
8. R. B. Braith Waite : Scientific Explanation.

Paper I WORLD RELIGIONS

- (a) Hinduism-Central concept of Hinduism, Jiva, God and Brahman, Bondage and liberation Doctrine of Rebirth and Law of Karma, Purushartha, Varvias and Ashramas.
- (b) Sikhism-Origin and the Historical background of Sikhism, central concepts of Sikhism.
Metaphysics and Ethics of Sikhism.
- (c) Buddhism-The four Noble Truths, Doctrine of self Bondage and Salvation.
- (d) Islam-Historical back ground and basis of Islam, concept of God (Allah)
Dignity of man and his sinlessness, the essential unity of Mankind.
Life Hereafter.
Religions, duties of Islam.
- (c) Christianity-Historical Background and basis of Christianity,
Concepts of God : Holy Trinity.
Concepts of original sin
The way to the salvation

Books Recommended :

1. Outlines of Hinduism-T. M. P. Mahadevan.
2. The Fundamentals of Hinduism-S. C. Chatterji.
3. Hinduism and Christianity-N. K. Devraj.

4. The Religions of the world-Barton.

5. नाटक बाणो-डा० जयराम मिश्र

6. 'गुरु गोविन्द सिंह-डा० मिलोचन सिंह

7. Buddhism in comparative light-Hajima Nabamura.

8. Islam : The Religion of Peace-K. G. Saiyadin.

9. Essential Unity of All Religions-Dr. Bhagwandas.